

Diagnostic Expert Analysis & Recommendations



MAJOR CAUSES OF TIMING BELT FAILURES:

- 1 Uneven breakage
- A clean break
- 3 Detached or separation of the belt teeth
- 4 Ripped teeth
- 5 Split teeth
- 6 Loss of teeth and material
- 7 Worn belt
- 8 The back of the belt is split
 - 9 Wear on the edge
- 10 Molten belt
- 11 Automatic tensioners
- 12 Overheated roller

- 13 Mounting bracket broken (or reduced operating clearance)
- 14 Broken screw
- **15** The roller is not positioned correctly
- 16 Seizure and / or unusual noise
- 17 Corrosion of the track
- 18 Damaged mounting bracket
- 19 Oil leaks
- 20 Misalignment and early failure of the actuator
- 21 Damaged seal
- 22 Unusual vibration from the roller arm



GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Do not store the belts in sunlight

Never fold, turn or twist a belt

Do not force the belt onto pulleys

Always use the correct tools when fitting belts

Follow the recommended tension (use specific tools, for tensioners, direction of roller tension, and rotation of engine)

Pay strict attention to the manufacturers' specifications and specialist documents on applications and their wear

Tighten fastening screws, paying attention to the published tightening torque

Check the condition of all mating components in the belt path (rollers, pumps and pulleys)

Check the condition of the casings and remove all un-used parts

In all cases a belt change is needed, we can not re-use a belt



UNEVEN BREAKAGE

EVIDENCE

• The belt is torn diagonally

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Over tightened belt
- Jammed by another part
- Contamination solid or liquid

NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



use visual inspection e.g. to check for wear





2 A CLEAN BREAK

EVIDENCE

• The belt is ripped apart

TIMING AND ACCESSORY Ranges

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Defective material
- Use of unsuitable tools
- The belt was twisted
- Contamination solid or liquid

NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



3 DETACHED OR SEPARATION OF THE BELT TEETH

EVIDENCE

• Detached or separation of the belt teeth

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Low belt tension loss of tension
- An obstruction by an unknown component
- Contamination solid or liquid
- Incorrect tools used during fitting

- · Check the mounting of the tensioner
- · Eliminate any leakages
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



4 RIPPED TEETH

EVIDENCE

Loss of teeth

PROBABLE CAUSES

• Complete or partial hardening of a timing component

- Do not install the belt on seized parts or those with excessive play
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly





5 SPLIT TEETH

EVIDENCE

• Splits at the base of the teeth

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Belt is under tensioned
- An obstruction by an unknown component
- Incorrect tools used during fitting



NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



6 LOSS OF TEETH AND MATERIAL

EVIDENCE

• The teeth have detached themselves from the fabric of the belt

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Low belt tension loss of tension
- An obstruction by an unknown component
- Contamination by liquid

- Eliminate leaks
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly





7 WORN BELT

EVIDENCE

• Internal structure of the belt is visible

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Belt tension too tight
- Worn pulleys
- Operating temperature is too high

- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly
- Check the engine is cool
- Check and replace worn pulleys





8 THE BACK OF THE BELT IS SPLIT

EVIDENCE

• Cracks on the back of the belt

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Temperature too low or too high
- Ageing of the belt
- Contact with an unknown component



- Check if other parts are overheating
- Replace the belt
- Check the condition of the housing
- Check the engine is cool



9 WEAR ON THE EDGE

EVIDENCE

- Reduction in belt width
- One-sided wear of belt

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Misalignment of pulleys /or tensioner
- Contact with an unknown part

- Replace the belt
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly





10 MOLTEN BELT

EVIDENCE

• The internal structure of the belt is revealed on the back

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Excessive tension
- Obstruction by external parts

- Change the blocked items
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly





11 AUTOMATIC TENSIONERS

EVIDENCE

- Under tightened = Lower stop marked or broken
- Over tightened = Upper stop marked or broken

PROBABLE CAUSES

Incorrect tension

NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



Lower stop marked or broken Upper stop (marked or broken



12 OVERHEATED ROLLER

EVIDENCE

 The roller is disassembled and miscoloured

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Excessive tension
- Obstruction by external parts (heat has spread from the back of the belt)

NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



13 MOUNTING BRACKET BROKEN (OR REDUCED OPERATING CLEARANCE)

EVIDENCE

Broken centre of the roller

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Lubricated screw
- Over tightening that has caused a breakage of the support surface



NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



14 BROKEN SCREW

EVIDENCE

The screw has split apart

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Lack of tightening
- Metal fatigue of the screw from back and forth movement of the roller. The screw was subject to shear stresses



- Tighten the screws to the exact recommended torque
- Lubricate the unthreaded shank of the screw but not the threads



15 THE ROLLER IS NOT POSITIONED CORRECTLY

EVIDENCE

- Tensioner indexing is not correct
- Circular marking
- Purple discolouration
- Seizure of the roller and friction on the belt

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Incorrect tension, bad index position on the engine housing
- Crushed roller plate by contact from centering on the engine





- Change the belt
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly



16 SEIZURE AND / OR UNUSUAL NOISE

EVIDENCE

Extensive corrosion

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Omission of the protection cap when fitting, allowing water and dust to enter the bearing
- The grease is degraded by the contamination and cannot correctly lubricate the internal elements

- Always fit the cap provided for the roller
- Check the correct position of deflectors



17 CORROSION OF THE TRACK

EVIDENCE

Significant deposits of pollution

PROBABLE CAUSES

• The grease is degraded by the contamination and cannot correctly lubricate the internal elements

- Avoid using high pressure washers on the engine
- Check the correct installation of deflectors and engine casings





18 DAMAGED MOUNTING BRACKET

EVIDENCE

Distortion or absence of the mounting arm

PROBABLE CAUSES

 Incorrect tightening or loosening of the joint

- Tighten the screw to the recommended torque
- Lubricate the unthreaded shank of the screw but not the threads





19 OIL LEAKS

EVIDENCE

· Leaks from the actuator

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Mishandling /shocks when fitting the part
- Using an unspecified actuator

- Use the correct length of belt
- Observe the general recommendations relating to the assembly





20 MISALIGNMENT AND FAILURE OF THE ACTUATOR

EVIDENCE

Damaged actuator

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Washer not fitted during fitting, leading to misalignment of the actuator and early failure
- Under or over tightening of the joint

NTN-SNR ADVICE

• Do not forget to refit the washer





21 DAMAGED SEAL

EVIDENCE

Seal on the roller is damaged

PROBABLE CAUSES

• Mishandling /shocks when fitting the part



- Fit all parts supplied with the roller
- Replace the damaged roller with a brand new roller



22 UNUSUAL VIBRATION FROM THE ROLLER ARM

EVIDENCE

- Spring broken
- Premature wear of the roller

PROBABLE CAUSES

- Length of the belt is incorrect
- Obstruction by external parts

• Check and replace as required, the free wheel pulley and the alternator pulley damper







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